

from a gynaecological

## cancer TODAY

Material sourced from Australian Institute of Health and Welfare.



Improving life for women through cancer research

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# Every day in Australia

# 184

#### women

are diagnosed with a gynaecological cancer

### Gynaecological cancer symptoms and action

There are a number of conditions that may cause similar symptoms to these:

- → abdominal bloating
- difficulty eating or feeling full quickly
- 👉 back, abdominal or pelvic pain
- **★** constipation
- → menstrual irregularities
- **→** fatigue
- **→** indigestion
- → pain during sexual intercourse

If any of these symptoms are new for you and you have experienced them multiple times during a 4-week period, it's important that they are discussed with your doctor.

For more information visit **anzgog.org.au** 

Cancer survival improved by 19% over the past 25 years.
Gynaecological cancer survival has improved by only 7%



Gynaecological cancers are not well known. Too many women are dying from these cancers.

The main types are

- → ovarian
- uterine (endometrial)
- cervical and

Rarer types are vaginal, fallopian tube and placental cancers (which is pregnancy-related).

There is no single test for gynaecological cancers, only the cervical screening test (formerly known as the PAP test). Diagnosis is made via blood tests, scans and biopsy.

The Australia New Zealand Gynaecological Oncology Group (ANZGOG) is the peak gynaecological cancer research organisation.

ANZGOG improves life for women with a gynaecological cancer by conducting clinical trials and finding new treatments that change practice.

"We want women in Australia and New Zealand to have the latest and best treatments for gynaecological cancer"

– Assoc Prof Philip Beale

Help us pioneer discoveries.